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- 3. In addition to its other products Litestroj is producing large turbines for hydroelectric controls. It is believed that under normal circumstances, in the absence of industrial sabotage, it could supply the total Yugoslav needs for these machines.

## Rolling Mill in Zonica

S. The old rolling mill in Zenica has also been expanded and modernized. In 1947 its main function was (a) to roll unfinished tracks, (b) to roll lime (c) to roll sheet collophane -- for a time its most important task, and (d) to roll fine bearings.

## Ivo-Lola Ribar Factory

- 4. A most important event in the Rugoslav motal industry was construction of the Evo-Lola Bibar machine and tools factory in Zeleznik (Belgrade district), which was begun in April 1947. Although not entirely completed, this factory was opened on 1 Jan 48.
- The factory contains machine tools, foundry, form casting rooms, convertors, and an electric transformer station, as well as an industrial school, cafeteria, administrative building, repair shop and first aid station. In the vicinity has been constructed a workers' community which doesn't meet even the basic needs of the workers. In the original plan 42 workers' buildings were outstaged but only 27 here been constructed and they are not completely finished.

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- 6. Construction of the factory required 450 thousand working days, during which 25 hectares were leveled and a series of buildings raised. Naterials used were 24 thousand cubic meters of concrete, 180 thousand square meters of wooden molds and 256 thousand kilograms of reinforcing reds. Twenty-five youth brigades and 14 thousand men and women took part in the construction. There was a noticeable lack of skilled labor. The workers were pushed 18 hours a day, were not fed enough, and worked under miserable hygienic conditions. As a result, 18.5% of the youth contracted tuberculosis.
- 7. Risetric current for Ive-Lola Ribar is furnished from the Bela Voda electric central on the outskirts of Belgrade.

## Rade Konoar Factory

- 8. The Hade Koncar factory in Zagreb has been expanded and put in running order another success for 1947. The first induction furnace for making high quality alloys was installed during 1947. The lack of graphite containers has been a serious bottleneck, but since induction furnaces have been installed the problem has been almost solved in the various foundaries, even if all the needs are not fulfilled.
- 9. The new furnace is the work of Milan Novak. Its mechanical parts are produced at the Impol factory in Slovenska Bistrica, electrical parts at Rade Konear, and the frame at a foundry in Maribor. Comparison of the induction furnace with the Slemens type used heretofore shows the following:
  - (a) An annual saving of about three million dinars.
  - (b) The induction furnace fuses alloys with 72% copper; the Siemens type fuses alloys with only 52% copper.
  - (c) The induction furnace produces temperatures about 30% higher than the
  - (d) The new furnace's production is about 27% higher than that of the Siemens.
  - (e) Heat loss in the induction fornace is .5%, compared with three to five per cent in the Siemens furnace.
- Furnaces for the fusing of aluminum and manganese alloys and hard steel are projected.

## Zitnjak Factory

 Construction of a factory for hydraulic and steam boilers was started in Zitnjak, near Zagreb, but was not completed in 1947.

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